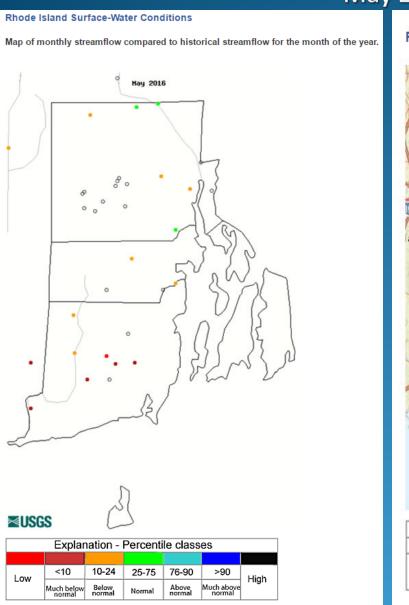
Introductions

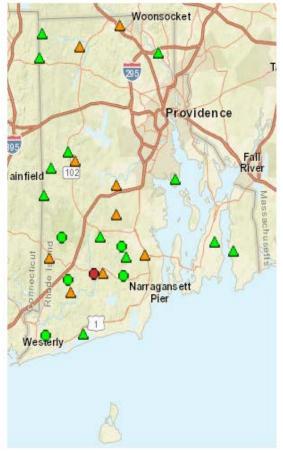
- Richard Verdi, Chief, Hydrologic Surveillance
 - USGS New England Water Science Center (MA/RI)
 - rverdi@usgs.gov
- Christopher Bruet, Hydrographer
 - USGS New England Water Science Center (MA/RI)
 - cbruet@usgs.gov
- Matt Ely, Associate Director for Hydrologic Investigations
 - USGS New England Water Science Center (MA/RI)
 - mely@usgs.gov

Rhode Island Streamflow and Groundwater Conditions During May, June, July 2016

May 2016



Rhode Island Groundwater Conditions

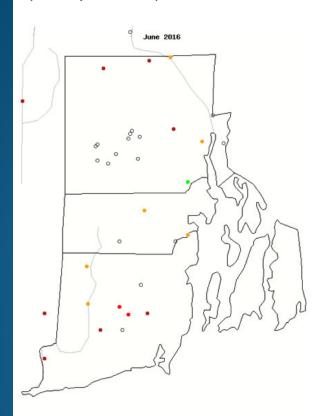


Explanation - Percentile classes							١	5 10	
•		0			•	•	0	1000	Real Time Continuous Periodic Measurements
New Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	New	Not	1	
	Much Below Normal	Below Normal	Normal	Above Normal	Much Above Normal	High	Ranked	4	

June 2016

Rhode Island Surface-Water Conditions

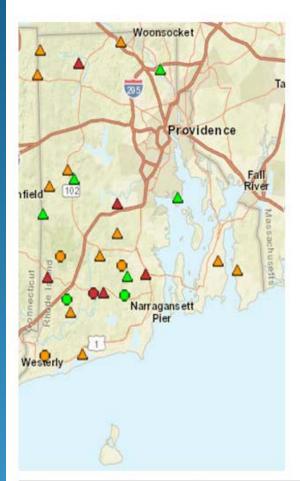
Map of monthly streamflow compared to historical streamflow for the month of the year.





Explanation - Percentile classes								
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High		
Low	Much below Below normal		Normal	Above normal	Much above normal			

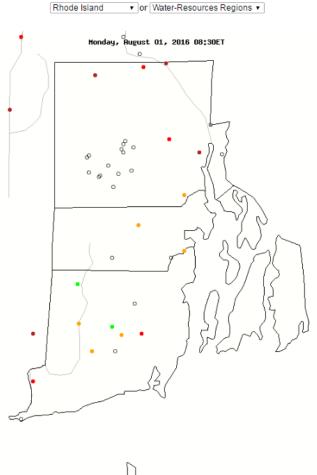
Rhode Island Groundwater Conditions

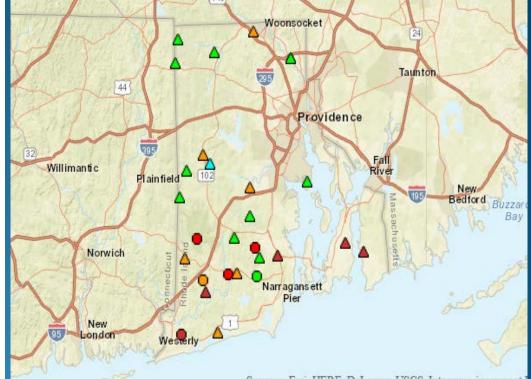


Explanation - Percentile classes								
		0			•	•	0	O Real Time
New	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	New	Not	Continuous Periodic
Low	Much Below Normal	Below Normal	Normal	Above Normal	Much Above Normal	High	100	Measurement

July 2016

Map of real-time streamflow compared to historical streamflow for the day of the year (Rhode Island)





Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment Explanation - Percentile classes (symbol color based on most recent measurement) Wells Springs Real-Time Continuous >90 10-24 25-75 <10 76-90 Not Low Periodic Much Below Below Above Normal Much Above Normal Ranked Normal Measurements Normal

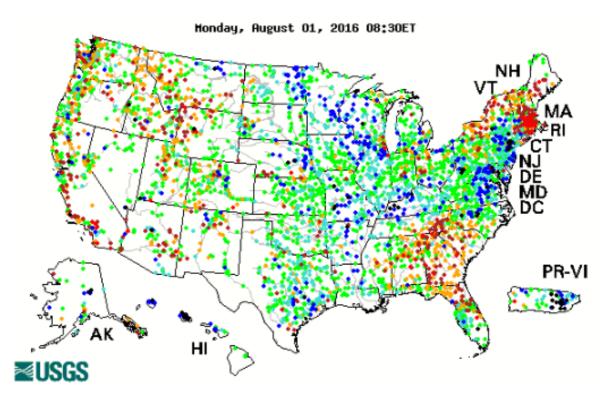
Map generated 8/1/2016 8:57:15 AM







National Streamflow Conditions During July 2016

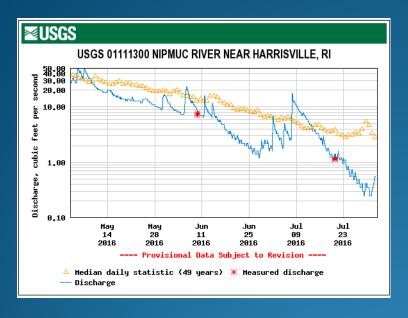


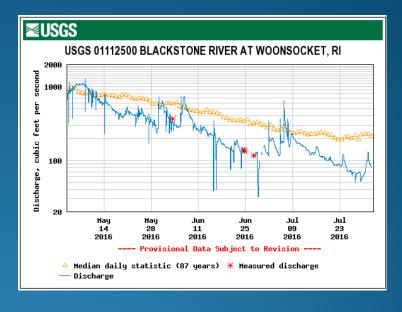
Choose a data retrieval option and select a location on the map

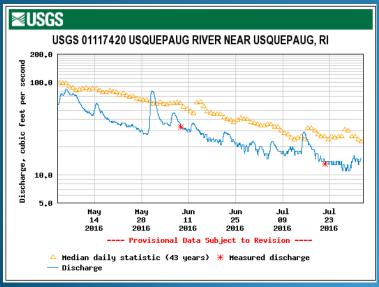
List of all stations in state, State map, or Nearest stations

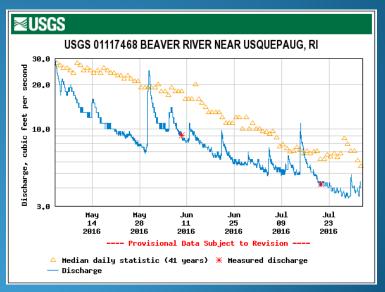
Explanation - Percentile classes								
•	•	•	•		•	•		
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	1.11-1-		
LOW	Much below normal	Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal	High		

Discharge Measurements Are Made at Streamgages to Check or Adjust Stage-Discharge Ratings at Various Flow Rates

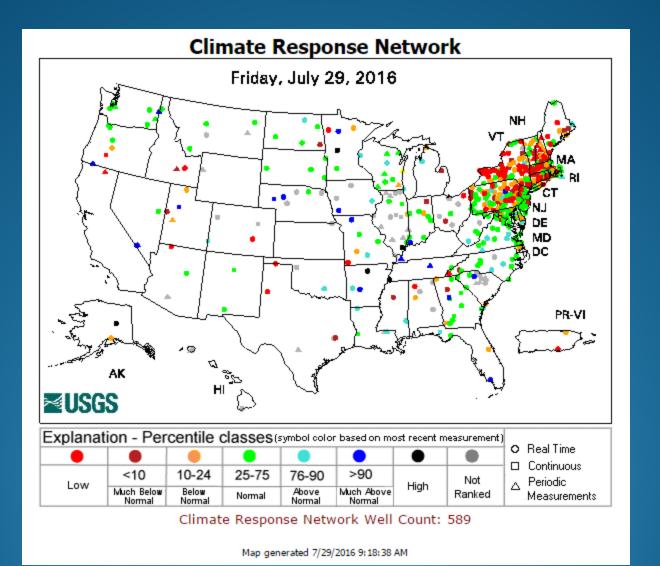








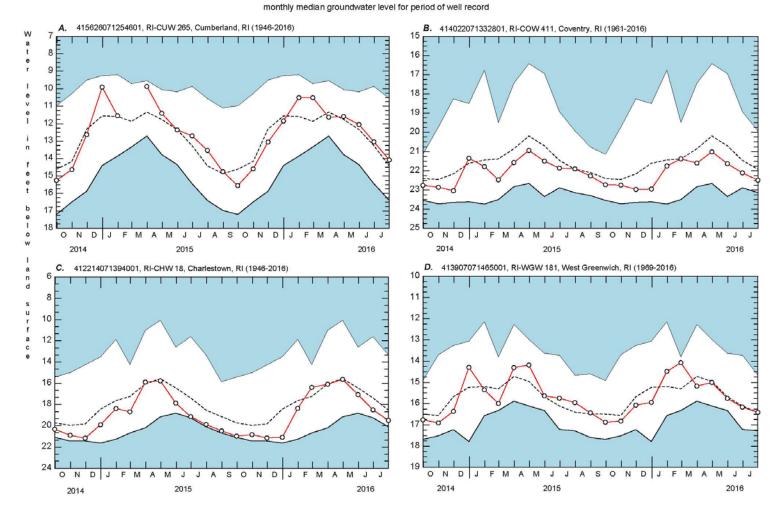
National Groundwater Conditions, July 29, 2016



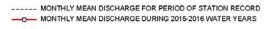
Monthly Groundwater Levels at Selected USGS Observation Wells in Rhode Island October 2014 to July 2016

EXPLANATION

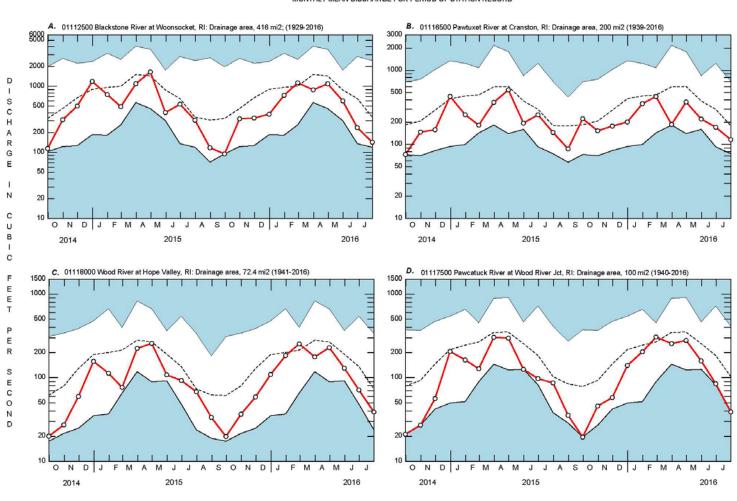
- ----- Monthly median groundwater level for period of well record
- —o— Monthly groundwater level measurement during water years 2015 and 2016 Unshaded area shows range between highest and lowest



Monthly Streamflow Conditions at Selected USGS Streamgages in Rhode Island October 2014 to July 2016



UNSHADED AREA SHOWS RANGE BETWEEN HIGHEST AND LOWEST MONTHLY MEAN DISCHARGE FOR PERIOD OF STATION RECORD



Rhode Island Rivers (30 years or more record) With New Record Low Monthly Mean Discharges During May, June, or July 2016

- Moshassuck River at Providence (01114000)—8.06 cfs, July (previous low, 8.07 cfs, July 1999)
- Usquepaug River near Usquepaug (01117420)—29.5 cfs, June (previous low, 30.4 cfs, June 1994)
- Beaver River near Usquepaug (01117468)—8.28 cfs, June (previous low, 9.02 cfs, June 1994)
- Pawcatuck River at Wood River Jct (01117500)—36.0 cfs, July (previous low, 38.2 cfs July 1957)

Rhode Island Drought Indices

Drought Phase	Palmer Drought Index +	Crop Moisture Index	Precipitation +	Ground Water** +	Stream flow +	Reservoirs**
Normal	-1.0 to -1.99	-1.0 to -1.99 0.0 to -1.0 Slightly Dry 1 month below normal 1 month below normal		2 consecutive months below normal	Reservoir levels at or near normal for the time of year	
Advisory	-2.0 to -2.99	-1.0 to -1.9 Abnormally Dry	2 month cumulative below 65% of normal	At least 2 out of 3 months below normal	3 consecutive months below normal	Small index Reservoirs below normal
Watch	-3.0 to -3.99	-2.0 to -2.9 Excessively Dry	1 of the following criteria met: 3 month cum. <65% or 6 month cum. <70% or 12 month cum. <70%	4-5 consecutive months below normal	At least 4 out of 5 consecutive months below normal	Medium index Reservoirs below normal
Warning	-4.0 and below	> -2.9 Severely Dry	2 out of 3 of the above criteria met: 3 month cum. <65% and 6 month cum. <65% or 6 month cum. <65% and 12 month cum. <65% and 12 month cum. <65%	6-7 consecutive months below normal observation wells recording monthly record lows	At least 6 out of 7 consecutive months below normal	Large index reservoirs below normal
Emergency	-4.0 and below	> -2.9 Severely dry	Same criteria as Warning and Previous month was Warning or Emergency	>7 months below normal Observation wells recording monthly record lows	>7 months below normal	Continuation of previous month's conditions

⁺ Major Hydrologic Indicators.

^{**} Local triggers from the water system supply management plans will also be considered in a assessing drought phases on a regional basis. The WRB staff will review local plans and work with suppliers to coordinate regarding drought phases and to collect, review and report surface reservoir and ground water data.

[&]quot;Normal" is defined as the statistical average of the data for the period of record. Percentages for precipitation are relative to normal.

Based on the drought indices...

- Groundwater
 - May-About normal
 - June-Below normal
 - July-Some recovery, but still mostly below normal
 - Two out of three months below normal
- Surface water
 - May-Below normal
 - June-Below normal
 - July-Below normal
 - Three consecutive months below normal

Questions??

